# ESG INCORPORATION THE DETAILS

November 2020





## **ESG** INCORPORATION STRATEGY

#### We view ESG criteria to be measures of risk

We believe that forward-thinking, sustainably-oriented companies that excel along a broad spectrum of ESG considerations should be rewarded with a lower risk premium than peers with a more short-term, less responsible orientation.

### We integrate ESG considerations into every security valuation

ESG incorporation strategy	We apply to all actively managed listed equities under our coverage	We apply to portfolio construction for ESG strategies
Integration	✓	✓
Positive screening	×	✓
Negative screening	×	×
Thematic	×	×

### Our relevant policies

- Responsible Investment Policy
- Proxy Voting Policy
- ESG Screening Policy
- Engagement Policy



### THE PROCESS

### Our ESG data partner is Sustainalytics, a dedicated ESG research provider

- We source raw ESG indicators and company-level ESG Risk Ratings from Sustainalytics
- Sustainalytics bases its assessments on public company disclosures
- Data points are comparable across our global universe of listed real estate securities

# We rank our investment universe from lowest to highest ESG risk, as determined by Sustainalytics' published ESG Risk Ratings

• The ESG Risk Rating is a numerical value that captures the material ESG risk factors for a given industry, where a lower rating indicates less unmanaged ESG risk

### We apply a cost of equity adjustment to every security valuation in our investment universe

- We use a linear function to determine an ESG cost of equity multiplier ranging from 1.0 to 1.1
- The security with the lowest ESG Risk Rating in our investment universe sees a negligible adjustment to its cost of equity, while the stock with the highest ESG Risk Rating sees its cost of equity adjusted by a factor of 1.1
- Since we view ESG as a measure of risk, no securities receive a positive cost of equity adjustment as a result of ESG integration

### **IN PRACTICE**

# Based on a data pull from Sustainalytics, the ESG Risk Ratings for our investment universe of global real estate securities range from 7 to 35

- All securities are rank-ordered and a linear function is applied to determine the ESG cost of equity multiplier for each
- The stock with the ESG Risk Rating of 7 has a multiplier of 1.0, while the one rated with 35 has a multiplier of 1.1
- All other securities have multipliers landing between those two extremes

#### **FOR EXAMPLE**

### Residential company #1

Cost of equity before ESG integration = 6.07%

ESG risk rating = 25.0

ESG cost of equity multiplier = 1.0784

ESG-adjusted cost of equity = 6.54%

### Residential company #2

Cost of equity before ESG integration = 6.20%

ESG risk rating = 16.8

ESG cost of equity multiplier = 1.0429

ESG-adjusted cost of equity = 6.47%

Even though
Company #2
started with a
higher cost of
equity relative to
its peer, its better
management of
material ESG risks
warrants a smaller
risk premium

